

USB Explorer 260 Generator





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This manual is populated throughout with screens captured from a specific version of Ellisys USB Explorer 260 software. All the information contained in the screens are samples and serve as instructional purposes only.

Date	Revision	Changes
2007-12-12	2.8	Initial release.
2008-04-15	2.8.3000	Added few new instructions (WaitAndSendPacket, HostSetMaxTransactionDuration, HostResetMaxTransactionDuration).

Document Revision History

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Ellisys USB Explorer 260 Generator

Table of Contents

	bout this Manual	
1	Product Overview	
	1.1 Overview	
	1.2 Main Features	
2]	Installing the Ellisys USB Explorer 260	11
	2.1 Software Prerequisites	
	2.2 Installing Software	
	2.3 Front Panel Overview	
	2.4 Back Panel Overview	
	2.5 Connecting to the Computer	
3	User Interface Reference	-
	3.1 Organizing Panes	
	3.2 Main Toolbar	
	3.3 Main Menu	
	3.4 Opening a File	
	3.5 Saving a File	
	3.6 Printing a File	
	3.7 Editing a Script	
	3.8 Advanced Editing Features	
	3.9 Searching	
	3.10 Working with Bookmarks	
	3.11 Working with Breakpoints	41
	3.12 Compiling a Script	
	3.13 Running a Script	43
	3.14 Working with Registers	45
4	Language Reference	47
	4.1 Comments	
	4.2 Constants Declaration	
	4.4 Variables Declaration	
	4.5 Functions Declaration	
	4.6 Function Calls	
	4.7 Enumerations Declarations	51
	A 8 Namesnaces Declarations	
	4.8 Namespaces Declarations	
	4.9 Buffer Usage	53
	4.9 Buffer Usage 4.10 Counters	53 53
	4.9 Buffer Usage 4.10 Counters 4.11 Timers	53 53 54
	 4.9 Buffer Usage 4.10 Counters 4.11 Timers 4.12 Stop Keyword 	53 53 54 55
	 4.9 Buffer Usage	53 53 54 55 55
	 4.9 Buffer Usage	53 53 54 55 55 55
	 4.9 Buffer Usage	53 54 55 55 55 55 56
	 4.9 Buffer Usage	53 54 55 55 55 56 57
	 4.9 Buffer Usage	53 54 55 55 55 56 57 57
	 4.9 Buffer Usage	53 54 55 55 55 56 57 57 58

4.20 Mathematical expressions	
4.21 Conditional expressions	
5 Instruction Set Reference	
5.1 Sleep Instruction	63
5.2 StartCountdown Instruction	
5.3 WaitCountdownReached Instruction	
5.4 StartTimer Instruction	
5.5 StopTimer Instruction	
5.6 WaitTimer Instruction	67
5.7 CopyMemory Instruction	69
5.8 CompareMemory Instruction	71
5.9 WaitButtonPressed Instruction	74
5.10 WaitTriggerIn Instruction	75
5.11 GenerateTriggerOut Instruction	
5.12 ConfigureGenerator Instruction	
5.13 ForceLinesState Instruction	
5.14 ReleaseLinesState Instruction	79
5.15 WaitLinesState Instruction	80
5.16 SendPacket Instruction	81
5.17 WaitPacket Instruction	84
5.18 WaitTokenPacket Instruction	86
5.19 WaitDataPacket Instruction	89
5.20 WaitHandshakePacket Instruction	
5.21 WaitAndSendPacket Instruction	
5.22 HostAutoGenerateSof Instruction	104
5.23 HostWaitGeneratedSof Instruction	105
5.24 HostSetMaxTransactionDuration Instruction	106
5.25 HostResetMaxTransactionDuration Instruction	107
Frequently Asked Questions	
Glossary	
Index	

About this Manual

Typographic Conventions

Bold is used to indicate menu commands, buttons, and tabs.

Italics are used to indicate fields, pane names, window names and cross references.

 $\ensuremath{\mathsf{Fixed}}$ width is used to indicate system file names, text typed and code snippets.



A warning symbol describes a possible critical situation and how to avoid it.



An information symbol tells you how to respond to a situation that may arise.



A tip symbol tells you information that will help you carry out a procedure.

Where to Find More Help

Go to the Ellisys website and the following pages for the latest information:

- Ellisys products page Go to **www.ellisys.com/products/** for the latest product information and documentation.
- Application notes and white papers Go to www.ellisys.com/ technology/ to find up-to-date information about the technology.
- Distributors Go to www.ellisys.com/sales/ to find a list of Ellisys distributors.
- Technical support Go to **www.ellisys.com/support/** to send a question directly to the Ellisys support team.

User Guide

1 Product Overview

1.1 Overview

The USB Explorer 260 Generator is a generator for the Universal Serial Bus and protocols based on USB. The USB Explorer 260 Generator verifies product and component reliability by generating reproducible traffic, timing and error scenarios.

The USB Explorer 260 Generator contains a specialized processor specifically designed for the USB protocol. The USB Explorer 260 Generator produces sequences of arbitrary packets with programmable inter-packet delay and can wait for any kind of response packet or event. The processor's instruction set enables you to emulate USB hosts and devices.

1.2 Main Features

The USB Explorer 260 Generator enables you to:

- Emulate most USB equipment, including USB hosts and USB devices.
- Perform functional validation and stress testing of protocol stacks.
- Generate arbitrary packets with full control of the packet raw data down to the PHY layer.
- Generate sequences of packets with programmable inter-packet delay.
- Use exported scripts from protocol analysis software to play back error scenarios.
- Test error recovery mechanisms by generating frames with incorrect content or timing.



Visit the product web page at www.ellisys.com/products/usbex260/ for the latest product information and documentation.

The USB Explorer 260 Generator's software allows you to quickly and easily create, edit, and debug scripts. Traces previously recorded by an Ellisys USB Explorer 260 Analyzer can be exported to a script and played back by the generator. This will allow you to quickly understand and fix issues that may arise during device, driver or software development.

User Guide

2 Installing the Ellisys USB Explorer 260

Before installing the Ellisys USB Explorer 260 ensure your computer meets the following requirements:

- Microsoft Windows Installer 3.0 or later. If the installation does not run smoothly, or if the system indicates that there is a version error, update your Windows Installer.
- Microsoft .Net Framework version 2.0.
- Pentium 4, 1.8 GHz or compatible processor, or better.
- 512 MBytes of RAM or more.
- 1024x768 screen display resolution with 256 colors or better.
- USB 2.0 host controller.

2.1 Software Prerequisites

The USB Explorer 260 software requires several software components. Ellisys recommends that you visit the following web pages to update your version of Microsoft .Net Framework and Windows:

- www.microsoft.com/net to download the Microsoft .Net Framework version 2.0.
- windowsupdate.microsoft.com to update your version of Windows. When using the Windows update service it will automatically download and install the Microsoft .Net Framework version 2.0.



See your System Administrator for more information about updating Microsoft .Net Framework and Windows.

2.2 Installing Software

To install the USB Explorer 260's software:

1. Insert the Ellisys USB Explorer 260 installation CD-ROM that accompanies the product into the computer's CD-ROM drive.

The USB Explorer 260 Setup Wizard screen appears:





If the USB Explorer 260 Setup Wizard screen does not appear automatically; Click Start | Run, type d:\setup.exe (change d: to match the drive letter of your CD-ROM) and click on OK.

2. Read the Warning note and click on Next.

The USB Explorer 260 Licence Agreement screen appears:

🛃 Ellisys USB Explorer 260	Generator	
License Agreement		ellisys
Please take a moment to read the Agree'', then ''Next''. Otherwise cli	license agreement now. If you acc ick "Cancel".	cept the terms below, click "I
Ellisys WiMedia Expl	orer End-User License A	\greement
a legal agreement betwe legal entity, who will be In the following, "this pro agreement, accompanyir	This End-User License Ag en you (either an individual referred to in the following oduct" refers to the softwar ng software, associated prin as software updates, web-b	person or a single as "you") and Ellisys. re displaying this nt and electronic
OID o Not Agree		
	Cancel	< <u>B</u> ack <u>N</u> ext >

3. Read the licence agreement carefully and select I Agree.

4. Click on Next.

The Select Installation Folder screen appears:

🕼 Ellisys USB Explorer 260 Generator
Select Installation Folder
emsys
The installer will install Ellisys USB Explorer 260 Generator to the following folder.
To install in this folder, click "Next". To install to a different folder, enter it below or click "Browse".
<u>F</u> older:
C:\Program Files\Ellisys\Ellisys USB Explorer 260 Generator\ Browse
Disk Cost
Install Ellisys USB Explorer 260 Generator for yourself, or for anyone who uses this computer:
⊙ <u>E</u> veryone
O Just <u>m</u> e
Cancel < <u>B</u> ack Next >

- 5. The default installation folder appears in the *Folder* field. Ellisys recommend that you use the default folder, however if you wish to change this folder click on **Browse** and navigate to the folder required.
- 6. Select whether anyone or only the user currently logged on can access the software by selecting either **Everyone** or **Just me**.

7. Click on Next.

The Confirm Installation screen appears:

🙀 Ellisys USB Explorer 260 Generator	
Confirm Installation	ellisys
The installer is ready to install Ellisys USB Explorer 260 Generator on your comp Click "Next" to start the installation.	
Cancel < <u>B</u> ack	<u>N</u> ext >

8. Click on Next to continue the software's installation.

An Installation Progress screen appears.

记 Ellisys USB Explorer 260 Generator	
Installing Ellisys USB Explorer 260 Generator	ellisys
Ellisys USB Explorer 260 Generator is being installed.	
Please wait	
Cancel < Back	. <u>N</u> ext >

When the software has been installed, the *Installation Complete* screen appears:

🙀 Ellisys USB Explorer 260 Generator	
Installation Complete	ellisys
	emsys
Ellisys USB Explorer 260 Generator has been successfully installed.	
Click "Close" to exit.	
Please use Windows Update to check for any critical updates to the .NET Fra	amework.
Cancel < Back	<u>C</u> lose

9. Click on Close.

The USB Explorer 260 software is now installed.



After installing USB Explorer 260 software a new Hardware Wizard may appear. Refer to *2.5, Connecting to the Computer,* on page 19 for more information about installing the USB driver.

2.3 Front Panel Overview

Ellisys USB Explorer 260's front panel:



• Power	The <i>Power</i> LED is illuminated constant green when connected to a USB 2.0 host controller and working normally.
• Power	The <i>Power</i> LED is illuminated constant red when connected via a USB 1.1 host controller and working normally. Performance may not be optimal.
💓 Power	The <i>Power</i> LED blinks green when connected to a USB 2.0 host controller and the driver is not yet fully installed.
() Power	The <i>Power</i> LED blinks red when connected to a USB 1.1 host controller and the driver is not yet fully installed.
left Activity	The <i>Activity</i> LED blinks green when traffic is detected. The blink rate depends on the amount traffic detected, the faster the blink rate the greater amount of traffic detected.
Activity	The <i>Activity</i> LED blinks red when traffic is recorded or generated.
💓 Trigger	The <i>Trigger</i> LED blinks green when waiting for an event to occur.
🜔 Trigger	The <i>Trigger</i> LED is illuminated red for a short period when the expected event occurs.

2.4 Back Panel Overview

Ellisys USB Explorer 260's back panel:

	Model: USB Explorer 260 S/N: EX260-00001 Rev: A
Computer	Auxiliary equipment

A USB cable must be connected between the *Computer* connector and the computer on which the software runs.



When connecting the USB cable <u>DO NOT</u> force the connector into the USB Explorer 260. The metal part of the connector should not be inserted completely into the connection port. Forcing the connector or inserting all of the metal part of the connector may break the port connection and is not covered by the warranty.

2.5 Connecting to the Computer

The USB Explorer 260 connects on a USB port, allowing the use of any notebook or desktop computer. The unit is powered by USB and does not require an external adapter. A driver needs to be installed on the computer to ensure proper operation.



Although the USB Explorer 260 can upload or download data on a full speed USB 1.1 connection, Ellisys strongly recommends that you connect it to a high speed USB 2.0 port to obtain optimal performance. If you experience problems with the USB Explorer 260, please ensure it is connected on a high speed USB 2.0 enabled host controller before contacting technical support.

Follow the steps below to install the USB driver:

 Connect the USB Explorer 260. If you are connecting the USB Explorer 260 for the first time wait until Windows displays a message saying a new device has been discovered and go to Step 3.

- 2. If you want to update a previously installed device driver:
- Open the Device Manager window: Start | Control Panel.
- Double-click the **System** icon.
- Click the **Hardware** tab.
- Click on Device Manager.
- Click on Ellisys protocol analyzers.
- Right-click and select Update Driver.

The Hardware Update Wizard window appears:

Hardware Update Wizard	
	Welcome to the Hardware Update Wizard
	Windows will search for current and updated software by looking on your computer, on the hardware installation CD, or on the Windows Update Web site (with your permission). <u>Read our privacy policy</u>
	Can Windows connect to Windows Update to search for software?
	○ Yes, this time only
	Yes, now and every time I connect a device
	● No, not this time
	Click Next to continue.
	< Back Next > Cancel

3. Select No, not this time.

4. Click on Next.

The Found New Hardware window appears:

Found New Hardware Wizard
It is wizard helps you install software for: Ellisys USB Explorer 260 Image: Solution of the provide o
< <u>B</u> ack <u>N</u> ext > Cancel

5. Select Install the software automatically (Recommended).

6. Click on Next.

The Please wait while the wizard installs the software window appears:

Hardware Update Wizard	
Please wait while the wizard installs the software	
Ellisys USB Explorer 260	
Setting a system restore point and backing up old files in case your system needs to be restored in the future.	
< <u>B</u> ack Next>	Cancel

Windows installs the driver.

When the installation is complete *The wizard has finished installing the software* window appears:

Found New Hardware Wizard				
	Click Finish to close the wizard			
	< Back Finish Cancel			

7. Click on Finish.

The installation is complete.

User Guide

3 User Interface Reference

The user interface of the Ellisys USB Explorer 260 Generator software contains a number of panes, menus, toolbars and other visual elements.



The USB Explorer 260 Generator has several default panes. Each pane displays specific information or allows you to interact with the software for a given task:

- Script Editor Shows the current script. The Script Editor also allows
 editing the script, setting or clearing breakpoints, and placing
 bookmark to navigate through the script.
- **Output pane** Shows messages about a script after compiling. If there is an error in the script the *Output* pane will show an error description and the error's position: file, line and column.
- **Register pane** Shows the contents of the variables, see 3.14, *Working with Registers*, on page 45 for more information.

3.1 Organizing Panes

To open or display a pane:

1. Select **View** in the menu and click on the pane required in the **View** menu.



The selected pane opens.

To close a pane:

1. Click on **Close** × positioned on the top right-hand corner of the title bar of the pane.

The pane closes.

To hide a pane:

1. Click on **Auto Hide p** positioned on the top right-hand corner of the title bar.

The pane is hidden and the pane's name appears as a tab at the side of the screen.

To move a pane or window:

- 1. Click on the title bar of a pane or window.
- 2. Press and hold the left mouse button and drag the pane or window.

A window placer appears:



- 3. Keep the mouse button pressed and point to one of the following:
- **Center** to open a pane as a floating window in the screen.
- **Top** to move the pane to the top of the screen or pane group.
- **Provide a set of the set of th**

- Left to move the pane to the left of the screen or pane group.
- Bottom to move the pane to the bottom of the screen or pane group.

3.2 Main Toolbar

The table below shows the USB Explorer 260 Generator toolbar buttons and their actions.

	New Document	Opens a new document.
2	Open Document	Opens a folder to allow you open a previous saved file.
2	Save Document	Saves a document.
4	Print	Opens print options to allow you to print a document.
4	Print Preview	Opens the print preview window.
₩	Cut	Cuts a selection of text.
	Сору	Copies a selection of text.
<u></u>	Paste	Pastes a selection of copied or cut text.
9	Undo	Undoes the previous action.
6	Redo	Redoes the previous action.

#	Find/Replace	Opens the find and replace window.
Ξ	Comment Selection	Comments out one or more lines.
9	Uncomment Selection	Uncomment one or more lines.
	Toggle Bookmark	Toggles a bookmark at a selected line.
Ģ	Previous Bookmark	Finds the previous bookmark.
G,	Next Bookmark	Finds the next bookmark.
Q	Clear Bookmarks	Clears all bookmarks.
	Compile	Compiles a script.
	Run	Runs a stopped or paused script.
00	Break	Pauses a script when running.
	Stop	Stops a running script.
5	Restart	Stops and restarts a script from the beginning.
<u>s</u>	Step	Steps from line to line in the script.

3.3 Main Menu

The table below shows the USB Explorer 260 Generator main menu options and their actions.

File

	New (CTRL + N)	Creates a new file.
2	Open (CTRL + O)	Opens a previous saved file.
W	Save (CTRL + S)	Saves a file.
	Save As	Saves a file with a new name.
	Page Setup	Opens the Page Setup dialog box that lets you set the page margins and other parameters.
4	Print Preview	Opens the Print Preview window.
3	Print (CTRL + P)	Prints a file.
	Exit	Exits the software.
Edit		
*)	Undo (CTRL + Z)	Undoes the previous action.
(°	Redo (CTRL + Y)	Redoes the previous action.
⋇	Cut (CTRL + X)	Cuts a selection of text.
	Copy (CTRL + C)	Copies a selection of text.

<u></u>	Paste (CTRL + V)	Pastes a selection of copied or cut text.					
Edit /	Advanced						
	Mark Line Modifications	Marks line modifications in the file.					
	Highlight Current Line	Highlights the current line in the script.					
	Show Column 80 Guide	Displays the column guide in the script.					
Ξ	Comment Selection	Adds a comment to the current selected line.					
<u>e</u>	Uncomment Selection	Removes the comment from the selected line.					
	Make Uppercase (CTRL + SHIFT + U)	Changes selected lowercase text to uppercase text.					
	Make Lowercase (CTRL + U)	Changes selected uppercase text to lowercase text.					
Edit E	Bookmarks						
	Toggle Bookmark	Toggles a bookmark at a selected line.					
	Enable Bookmark	Enables the selected bookmark.					
P	Previous Bookmark	Finds the previous bookmark.					
4	Next Bookmark	Finds the next bookmark.					
Q	Clear Bookmarks	Clears all bookmarks.					
	Insert Snippet Code (CTRL + I)	Opens the Insert Snippet code list.					

View

	Output window	Opens or closes the Output window.			
	Registers window	Opens or closes the Registers window.			
Search					
孡	Find/Replace (CTRL + F)	Opens the Find/Replace window.			
	Find Next F3	Finds the text previously entered in the Find/Replace window.			
	Find Previous (SHIFT + F3)	Finds the text previously entered in the Find/Replace window.			
	Go To Line (CTRL + G)	Opens the Go To Line window.			
Script					
	Compile (F7)	Compiles a script.			
•	Run (F5)	Runs a stopped or paused script.			
	Dreak				

	(, ,)	
	Run (F5)	Runs a stopped or paused script.
00	Break	Pauses a script when running.
	Stop (SHIFT +F5)	Stops a running script.
5	Restart	Stops and restarts a script from the beginning.
<u>s</u>	Step (F10)	Steps from line to line in the script.
٢	Toggle Breakpoint (F9)	Toggles a breakpoint at a selected line.

۶	Clear all Breakpoints (CTRL+SHIFT +F9)	Removes all breakpoints in the script.
Help	Select a Generator	Opens the Available Generators window.
	User Guide	Opens the online user guide.
	Ellisys website	Opens the Ellisys website in your default internet browser.
	Contact support	Opens a form to contact the technical support.
	About	Opens the About window.

Opening a File 3.4

To open a file:

1. Select File | Open in the menu or click on Open Document 🗾 .



The Open File window appears:

Open								? 🗙
Look jn:	🚞 Samples		*	0	ø	Þ	•	
My Recent Documents Desktop		jection_BreakMassStorage.usb jection_BreakTransaction.usbs <mark>louse.usbs</mark> bsinc .usbsinc on.usbsinc						
Documents								
My Network Places	File <u>n</u> ame:	Sample_Host_Mouse.usbs				۷		<u>Open</u>
FidCes	Files of type:	All Ellisys USB Generator Files	s (*.usb	is; *.u	ısbsir	n 🗸		Cancel

2. Select the file required and click on Open.

The selected file opens in the software.

3.5 Saving a File

To save a file:

1. Select File | Save in the menu or click on Save Document 🔛.

The file is saved.

To save a file with a new name:

1. Select File | Save As in the menu.

The Save As window appears:

Save As			? 🗙
Savejn:	🚞 Scripts	🕑 🧿 🖻 📴	
My Recent Documents			
Desktop			
Documents			
Computer			
My Network	File <u>n</u> ame:	Mass Storage Performance Tester.esf	<u>S</u> ave
Places	Save as <u>t</u> ype:	All Ellisys WiMedia Generator Files (*.esf; *.esfir 💌 🚺	Cancel

- 2. Navigate to the directory where the file is to be saved.
- **3.** Enter the required name of the file in the *File name* field and click on **Save**.

The file is saved with the required name and the original file is not modified.

3.6 Printing a File

Use the Page Setup option, **File | Page Setup**, to setup how the file should be printed. This option will depend on the printer, please see your printer's documentation for more information.



A file can be very large therefore it is advisable to check the size of the file before trying to print the file.

To print a file:

1. Select File | Print in the menu or click on Print 🛁 .

The *Print* window appears:

Print		? 🛛
Printer		
<u>N</u> ame:	Microsoft XPS Document Writer	Properties
Status: Type: Where:	Ready Microsoft XPS Document Writer XPSPort:	
Comment:		Print to file
Print range		Copies
<u>o al</u>		Number of <u>c</u> opies: 1
O Pages O <u>S</u> electi	from: 1 to: 2	12 ³ 12 ³ ✓ Collate
		OK Cancel

- 2. Select the printer and printer setup if required.
- 3. Click on OK.

The file is printed.

3.7 Editing a Script

The USB Explorer 260 Generator includes several specialized instructions. Example code for these instructions can be inserted to help you write instructions. An example code is called a code snippet.

A full description of the specialized instructions can be found in *Chapter 5, Instruction Set Reference,* on page 63.

To insert a code snippet:

- 1. Click on the point in the script where the code snippet is to be inserted.
- 2. Select Edit | Insert Code Snippet in the menu. or

Press CTRL + I.

The Code Snippet list appears:



- 3. Select the code snippet required from the list.
- 4. Double-click on the code snippet required.

Select the snippet required and press ENTER.

The selected code snippet is inserted into the script and can be modified.

3.8 Advanced Editing Features

All the USB Explorer 260 Generator's advanced editing features can be accessed by clicking **Edit | Advanced** in the menu.

To mark or unmark line modifications:

1. Select Edit | Advanced | Mark Line Modifications in the menu.

All lines that have been modified are marked with a yellow mark beside the line.

To highlight the current line:

1. Select Edit | Advanced | Highlighting Current Line in the menu.

The line with the cursor is highlighted.

To display the column 80 guide:

1. Select Edit | Advanced | Show 80 Column Guide in the menu.

The 80 column guide appears as a line in the main script pane.

To comment a selection in a script:

1. Select the lines you want to comment.
2. Click on Comment Selection

Select Edit | Advanced | Comment Selection in the menu.

Comment markers are inserted before the selected lines.

To uncomment a selection in a script:

- 1. Select the commented lines you want to uncomment.
- Click on Uncomment Selection Selection Select Edit | Advanced | Uncomment Selection in the menu.

Comment markers are removed from the selected lines.

To change text case:

or

- 1. Select the text required in the script.
- Select Edit | Advanced | Make Uppercase to change the text's case from lowercase to uppercase.

or

 Select Edit | Advanced | Make Lowercase to change the text's case from uppercase to lowercase.

3.9 Searching

Search, find and replace options can be accessed by clicking $\ensuremath{\textbf{Search}}$ in the menu.

To search text:

1. Click on Find/Replace 👬

or Select **Search | Find** in the menu. or Press CTRL + F. The Find/Replace window appears:

Find and Repl	ace 🛛 🛛	
🝌 Quick Find	Å ^C _B Quick Replace	
Find what:	Trigger 🕑 >	
- Find options	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Match case Search hidden text		
Match whole word Search in selection		
Search	up	
🔲 Use	Regular expressions	
	Find Next Bookmark All	

2. Enter what you need to be found in the *Find what* field.

or

 Select the Use check box if you want to use Regular expression or Wildcards.



Regular expressions or Wildcards can be selected as an option.

 If you selected the Use check box, select *Regular expression* or *Wildcards* from the drop-down list. The **Right Arrow** → beside the *Find What* field becomes enabled.

5. Click on Right Arrow [>]

If *Wildcards* has been selected from the *Use* drop-down list a *Wildcard list* appears;

Find and Replace	X
Find options Match case Match whole word Search idden text	* Zero or more of any character ? Any single character # Any single digit [] Any one character in the set [!] Any one character not in the set
Search up Use Wildcards Find Next Bookmark All	

6. Select the Wildcard required.

If *Regular expression* has been selected from the *Use* drop-down list a *Regular expression list* appears:

Quick Find Cuick Replace	
Find what:	. Any single character
Find options	* Zero or more
Match case Search hidden text	+ One or more
Match whole word Search in selection	^ Beginning of line
	\$ End of line
Search up	\b Word boundary
Use Regular expressions	\s Whitespace
	\n Line break
Find Next Bookmark All	[] Any one character in the set
	[^] Any one character not in the set

- 7. Select the Regular expression required.
- 8. Select the required search options check boxes.
- 9. Click on the required button: **Find Next** to find the next occurrence or **Bookmark All** to bookmark all occurrences.

The selected search is performed.

To replace text:

 Click on Find/Replace A and then click Quick Replace or Select Search | Replace in the menu. or Press CTRL + H.

The Find/Replace window appears:

Find and Replac	e 🛛 🛛		
🗟 Quick Find 🛛	Å [®] Quick Replace		
Find what:	Trigger 🕑 >		
Replace with:	Triggered 🗸		
- Find options-			
Match case Search hidden text			
Match whole word Search in selection			
📃 Search u	IP		
🗌 Use 🛛 🗸	/ildcards 😪		
Find Next Replace			
Replace All			

- 2. Enter what you need to be found in the Find what field.
- 3. Enter the replacement text in the Replace with field.
- 4. Select the required search options check boxes.
- Click on the required button: Find Next to find the next occurrence or Replace or Replace All to respectively replace the next occurrence or all occurrences.

The selected replacement is performed.

3.10 Working with Bookmarks

A bookmark is a useful tool that enables you to mark lines of code to help you navigate through a script.

All the bookmark options can be accessed by selecting **Edit | Bookmarks** in the menu.

To toggle a bookmark:

1. Select a line where the bookmark is to be inserted.

Click on Toggle Bookmark or

Select Edit | Bookmarks | Toggle Bookmark in the menu.

The bookmark is inserted beside the selected line.

To enable a bookmark:

- 1. Click on the line beside the bookmark.
- 2. Select Edit | Bookmarks | Enable Bookmark in the menu.

The selected bookmark is enabled.

To move to the next or previous bookmark:

 Click on Next Bookmark or Select Edit | Bookmarks | Next Bookmark in the menu.

A flashing cursor appears beside the next bookmark.

 Click on Previous Bookmark or Select Edit | Bookmarks | Previous Bookmark in the menu.

A flashing cursor appears beside the previous bookmark.

To remove all bookmarks:

1. Click on Clear Bookmark

Select Edit | Bookmarks | Clear Bookmark in the menu.

All bookmarks in the script are removed.

3.11 Working with Breakpoints

A breakpoint is a point in a program which is used to temporarily halt the execution of that program.

To insert a breakpoint:

- 1. Select a line where the breakpoint is to be inserted.
- Select Script | Toggle Breakpoint in the menu or

Press F9.

A breakpoint is inserted beside the selected line.



To remove all breakpoints:

1. Select Script | Clear All Breakpoint in the menu.

All breakpoints in the script are removed.

3.12 Compiling a Script

To compile a script:

 Open a script file as described in 3.4, Opening a File, on page 33. or

Create a new script file and save it.

2. Click on Compile

or Select Script | Compile in the menu.

The USB Explorer 260 Generator compiles the script.

If the compilation is successful a '*Compilation Succeeded'* message will appear in the *Output* pane.

If the compilation is unsuccessful a '*Compilation Failed'* message will appear in the *Output* pane. A list of errors will also be listed in the *Output* pane.

To find an error in a compiled script:

1. Compile a script as described in *3.12, Compiling a Script,* on page 42.

The compilation errors are listed in the $\ensuremath{\textit{Output}}$ pane under the $\ensuremath{\textit{Message}}$ colunm.

Message	File	Line	Column
🛿 Bracket closed expected	C:\Validation scripts\Valid	26	5
🛿 Unknown value 'Request'	C:\Validation scripts\Valid	26	22
😵 Unknown instruction 'ResultSuccess'	C:\Validation scripts\Valid	26	31
🛿 Unexpected symbol '{'	C:\Validation scripts\Valid	27	2

2. Double-click on the error description you require in the *Output* pane.

The line that contains the error is highlighted in the main script pane.

3.13 Running a Script

To select a generator:

1. Select Script | Select a generator in the menu.

The Available Generators window appears:



2. Select the required generator and click on OK.



It is advisable to select a generator as the default generator by clicking the **Use this generator by default** check box. This will stop the *Available Generators* window appearing every time you run the software.

The generator is selected.

To run a script:

1. Open a script file as described in *3.4, Opening a File,* on page 33 or

Create a new script file and save it.

2. Click on Run 🕨

or Select **Script | Run** in the menu.

If you did not select a generator as a default generator then the *Available Generators* window appears:

Available Generators	K
Please select a generator:	
Ellisys USB Explorer 260 (EX260-00001) Ellisys USB Explorer 260 (EX260-00002) Ellisys USB Explorer 260 (EX260-00003)	
Use this generator by default OK Cancel	

3. Select on the required generator and click on OK.

The script runs using the selected generator.

To break or pause a script:

- 1. Run a script as described in *3.13, Running a Script,* on page 43.
- 2. Click on Break

or

Select Script | Break in the menu.

The script is paused.

To stop a script:

- 1. Run a script as described in 3.13, Running a Script, on page 43.
- Click on Stop
 or
 Select Script | Stop in the menu.

The script stops.

To restart a script:

Click on Restart
 or
 Select Script | Restart in the menu.

The script is restarted.

To step a script:

Click on Step
 or

```
Select Script | Step in the menu.
or
Press F10.
```

The script is run command by command.

3.14 Working with Registers

This section describes how you can work with registers. For more information about registers see 4.10, *Counters*, on page 53.

All registers are displayed in the Registers pane.

To select a register format:

1. Right-click on one of the registers in the *Registers* pane.

The Format submenu appears:



2. Click on the format require; Dec, Hex or Bin.

The register format is changed to the selected format and the numbers are displayed.

4 Language Reference

4.1 Comments

Single line comments are done using the // characters.

```
void Main()
{
    // This is a single line comment
    CopyMemory(Src => [ 0x00, 0x00 ],
        Dst => Buffer,
        DstOffset => 200);
}
```

Multi line comments are open using the $/\star$ characters, and are closed using the $\star/$ characters.

4.2 Include Files

Files can be included using the include directive.

The example below shows a script that includes a file and use then the macro declared inside.

```
include "MyInclude.esf"
void Main()
{
    // Calls a function declared in MyInclude.esf
    SendPulseAndWaitAnswer(10, 2s);
}
```

4.3 Constants Declaration

Constants can be declared with the const keywork.

The example below shows a script that defines two constants.

4.4 Variables Declaration

Variables are instantiated with the var keyword. The variable can be initialized at declaration with a value. If no initial value is specified the variable will not be initialized.

```
var myVar;
var myVar1 = 10;
var myVar2 = CounterB;
var myVar3 = myVar1 * myVar2;
```

There is no restriction on variables declaration location. Variables can be declared anywhere in the script. The scope of the variable depends on the declaration location.

```
var myGlobalVar = 0;
void MyMacro() { myGlobalVar = 10; }
void Main()
{
    var myVar = 0;
    for(var i=0; i<10; i++)
    {
        myVar += 1 << i;
    }
    Sleep(myVar);
}
```

4.5 Functions Declaration

Functions can be used to save typing and improve the understanding of a script. Functions accept parameters and can optionally return a value.

The example below shows a script that defines a function for sending a trigger pulse and waiting until an answer is received.

```
void SendPulseAndWaitAnswer(MaxRetries,
                              MaxTime)
{
    repeat (MaxRetries)
    {
        GenerateTriggerOut (Output => BncOut,
                             Mode
                                    => PulseHigh);
        WaitTriggerIn(Input
                                  => BncIn,
                       Condition => RisingEdge,
                       Timeout
                                 => MaxTime);
        if (!TimeoutOccured)
        ł
             exit;
        }
    }
}
void Main()
    SendPulseAndWaitAnswer(10, 2s);
    SendPulseAndWaitAnswer(100, 20ms);
    SendPulseAndWaitAnswer(10, 2s);
}
```

The following example shows a function returning a value based on a parameter:

```
var ComputeSlotPosition(Index)
{
    return Index * 85;
}
```

TimerA = ComputeSlotPosition(CounterB);

4.6 Function Calls

The parameters of functions calls are explicit. The syntax for specifying parameters values is param => value. The parameters order is thus not relevant as the parameter is fully identified by its name. The examples below shows a function with two parameters Param1 and Param2; the value 10 is assigned to Param1 and the value 20 is assigned to Param2:

```
SampleMacro( Param1 => 10, Param2 => 20 );
SampleMacro( Param2 => 20, Param1 => 10 );
```

When an instruction, a function has only one parameter its name can be omitted. For example:

```
Sleep( Duration => 10us );
```

can also be written as:

Sleep(10us);

Parameters are optional when they have a default value. If the parameter is not specified in the call, the default value is used. The example below defines a macro with two parameters. Param1 is mandatory and Param2 has a default value of 0. Since Param2 is not specified in the call, the value 0 will be used as default.

```
void SampleFunction(Param1, Param2 = 0)
{
    Sleep(Param 1 + Param2);
}
void Main()
{
    SampleFunction(Param1 => 10us);
}
```

4.7 Enumerations Declarations

Enumerations can be used to give names to known values. The example below shows a script that defines several error codes.

```
enum ErrorCode
{
    NoError = 0,
    Timeout = 1,
    SequenceMismatch = 2,
    Unspecified = 3
}
```

The example below shows a script that declares a unique number for each state of a state machine.

```
enum StateMachine
{
    Stopped,
    Paused,
    Running,
    Unspecified
}
void main()
{
    var currentState = GetMachineState();
    if(currentState == StateMachine.Unspecified)
    {
        currentState = StateMachine.Stopped;
    }
    SetMachineState(currentState);
}
```

4.8 Namespaces Declarations

Namespaces can be used to isolate some portions of code to avoid name collision in big scripts.

The example below shows a script that declares a namespace and then use functions defined by this namespace.

```
namespace UtilityFunctions
{
    void WaitSpecialEvent(Event, Timeout)
    { /* ... */ }
    void GenerateSpecialEvent(Event, Param = 0)
    { /* ... */ }
}
void WaitAndGenerate (Event)
{
    UtilityFunctions.WaitSpecialEvent(Event, 50ms);
    UtilityFunctions.GenerateSpecialEvent(Event);
}
using UtilityFunctions;
void main()
{
    WaitSpecialEvent(Event, 200ms);
    WaitAndGenerate (Event);
}
```

The example below shows a scripts that declare two namespaces, each with a function that has the same name.

```
namespace TimingFunctions
{
    void WaitAnswer(Timeout) { /* ... */ }
}
namespace ProtocolFunctions
{
    void WaitAnswer(AnswerId) { /* ... */ }
}
void main()
{
    TimingFunctions.WaitAnswer(400ms);
    ProtocolFunctions.WaitAnswer(Handshake);
}
```

4.9 Buffer Usage

The hardware contains a buffer of 8192 bytes available for memory comparison and copy operations. It can be accessed with the <code>Buffer</code> keyword for reading as well as for writing. Example:

```
Buffer[0 to 3] = [ 0, 1, 2, 3 ];
Buffer[0 for 4] = CounterB;
CounterA = Buffer[10 for 4];
```

The last received packet can be accessed with the LastRxPacket keyword. LastRxPacket is read only. Example:

```
Buffer[2 to CounterB] = LastRxPacket[2 to
CounterB];
CounterC = LastRxPacket[5];
```

4.10 Counters

Counters are useful for example to count errors, special conditions, etc. Several counters are available in the generator, namely <code>CounterA</code> to <code>CounterH</code>. The value of the counters is indicated in the Registers window.

The example below shows a script that repetitively sends a pulse on the output BNC connector and waits for a rising edge on the input BNC connector. If the rising edge is not detected within 500 milliseconds the script increments <code>CounterA</code>.

```
repeat (1000)
{
    GenerateTriggerOut (Output => BncOut,
                        Mode
                                => PulseHigh);
    WaitTriggerIn(Input
                              => BncIn,
                   Condition => RisingEdge,
                              => 500ms);
                   Timeout
    if (TimeoutOccurred)
    {
        // Keep the error count in Counter
        CounterA++;
    }
}
```

4.11 Timers

Timers are useful for example to measure or generate precise timing sequences. Several timers are available in the generator. Timers can be started, stopped or modified. It is possible to wait until a timer reaches a specified value or to change the current value of a timer.

The example below shows a script that measure the duration of a trigger pulse and generates one that lasts three times this duration.

```
Timer0 = 0;
Timer1 = 0;
WaitTriggerIn(Input => BncIn,
              Condition => RisingEdge);
StartTimer(0);
GenerateTriggerOut(Output => BncOut,
                   Mode
                        => ForceHigh);
WaitTriggerIn(Input => BncIn,
              Condition => FallingEdge);
StartTimer(1);
StopTimer(0);
WaitTimer(Index
                       => 1,
          TargetValue => Timer0 * 2,
          TimingRespect => Hard);
GenerateTriggerOut (Output => BncOut,
                   Mode => ForceLow);
StopTimer(1);
```

4.12 Stop Keyword

The ${\tt stop}$ keyword stops the execution of the generator. This is useful for example to stop the generator when a required condition is not met.

4.13 Breakpoint Keyword

The ${\tt breakpoint}$ keyword breaks the execution of the generator. The execution can be resumed by the user from the breakpoint.

4.14 If Statement

The if statement executes instructions conditionally depending on a condition. Conditions are described in 4.21, *Conditional expressions*, on page 61.

The example below shows a script that increments <code>CounterA</code> if the button is pressed, and <code>CounterB</code> otherwise. When <code>CounterA</code> reaches 10, <code>CounterB</code> is reset to 0.

```
else
{
    CounterB++;
}
if(CounterA >= 10)
{
    CounterB = 0;
}
```

4.15 Switch Statement

The ${\tt switch}$ statement executes instructions conditionally depending on the value of the specified variable.

The example below shows a script that increments ${\tt CounterA}$ if the value of the variable is 0, increments ${\tt CounterB}$ if the value is 1 and resets both to zero in other cases.

```
switch (CounterC)
{
    case 0:
        CounterA++;
        break;
    case 1:
        CounterB++;
        break;
    default:
        CounterA = 0;
        CounterB = 0;
        break;
}
```

4.16 Repeat Statement

The <code>repeat</code> statement executes instructions the specified count of times. A repeat statement can be stopped with the exit keyword. Up to four repeat statements can be imbricated.

The example below shows a script that pulses high the state of the output BNC connector for 200 milliseconds every seconds. It does this 10 times.

4.17 While Statement

The while statement executes instructions as long as a specified condition is true. The condition is checked before the instruction is executed. A while statement can be stopped with the exit keyword. Up to four while statements can be imbricated.

The example below shows a script that toggles the state of the output BNC connector every 200 milliseconds until the input BNC connector presents a high logic level.

4.18 Do While Statement

The do while statement executes instructions as long as a specified condition is true. The condition is checked after the instruction is executed. A while statement can be stopped with the exit keyword. Up to four do while statements can be imbricated.

The example below shows a script that generates a pulse on the output BNC connector until the input BNC connectors presents a high logic level.

do {

} while (MatchOccurred);

4.19 For Statement

The for statement executes instructions in a loop a certain number of times. A for statement can be stopped with the exit keyword. Up to four for statements can be imbricated.

The example below shows a script that generates 20 pulses on the output BNC connector.

4.20 Mathematical expressions

The Ellisys script language supports the following mathematical operators: +, -, *, /, %, &, |, ^, >> and <<.

The examples below show how to use these operators and how to combine them. In all these examples, ${\rm a}$ must be a variable; ${\rm b}$ and ${\rm c}$ can be variables or a literals.

The following example assigns the value 20 to a:

a = 20;

The following example assigns the value 0xAB12 (43,794 in decimal) to a:

a = 0xAB12;

The following example adds the value of ${\tt b}$ to the value of ${\tt c}$ and assigns the result to ${\tt a}$:

a = b + c;

The following example subtract the value of ${\tt c}$ from the value of ${\tt b}$ and assigns the result to ${\tt a}$:

a = b - c;

The following example multiplies the value of $\rm b$ with the value of $\rm c$ and assigns the result to a:

a = b * c;

The following example divides the value of ${\tt b}$ by the value of ${\tt c}$ and assigns the result to ${\tt a}$:

a = b / c;

The following example divides the value of ${\tt b}$ with the value of ${\tt c}$ and assigns the rest of the integer division to a:

a = b % c;

The following example performs a mathematical AND operation between the value of ${\rm b}$ and the value of ${\rm c}$ and assigns the result to a:

a = b & c;

The following example performs a mathematical OR operation between the value of ${\rm b}$ and the value of ${\rm c}$ and assigns the result to a:

a = b | c;

The following example performs a mathematical XOR operation between the value of ${\rm b}$ and the value of ${\rm c}$ and assigns the result to a:

a = b ^ c;

The following example performs a right shift operation between the value of b and the value of c and assigns the result to a:

a = b >> c;

The following example performs a left shift operation between the value of $\tt b$ and the value of $\tt c$ and assigns the result to a:

a = b << c;

The following example demonstrates how to combine expressions to produce more complex results:

a = ((b & 0x0F) * 12) >> (c + 1);

4.21 Conditional expressions

The conditions that can be tested are MatchOccurred and TimeoutOccured. These two flags are set by instructions that wait specific conditions.

Conditional expressions can be used as condition of execution or termination with several statements, including if, while and do while.

The following example executes the specified code if a equals b:

if(a == b) { /* insert code here */ }

The following example executes the specified code if a is different from b: if(a != b) { /* insert code here */ }

The following example executes the specified code if a is greater than b: if (a > b) { /* insert code here */ }

The following example executes the specified code if ${\tt a}$ is greater than or equal to ${\tt b}$:

if (a >= b) { /* insert code here */ }

The following example executes the specified code if a is less than b: if (a < b) { /* insert code here */ }

The following example executes the specified code if ${\rm a}$ is less than or equal to ${\rm b}$:

if(a <= b) { /* insert code here */ }

User Guide

5 Instruction Set Reference

The Ellisys USB Explorer 260 Generator includes several specialized instructions. These instructions are divided into six distinct categories:

- Timing operations
- Buffer operations
- Trigger operations
- Link-oriented operations
- Packet-oriented operations
- Host-oriented operations

5.1 Sleep Instruction

The sleep instruction waits a precise duration which can be specified in several units. The duration can be specified in units of time (seconds, milliseconds, microseconds and nanoseconds) or in 60 MHz clock cycles.

Example

```
Sleep ( Duration => 1.5ms );
Sleep ( 1.5ms );
```

Duration	
Description	Amount of time to wait.
Туре	Time expressed in 60 MHz clock cycles or seconds.
Range	0 to 4,294,967,295 clock cycles or 0 to 71 seconds with a precision of 16.66 nanoseconds.
Default	No default value; this parameter is mandatory.
Example	 32ms means 1,320 microseconds or 79,200 clock cycles. 620ns will be floored down to 37 clock cycles. 3960clk means 3,960 clock cycles or 66 microseconds. 1000 (without unity) is not allowed and will generate a warning.

5.2 StartCountdown Instruction

The ${\tt StartCountdown}$ instruction starts a countdown timer in the generator. Two countdown timers can run simultaneously.

Example

StartCountdown (Index => 0, Duration => 65538us); StartCountdown (65538us);

Index	
Description	Index of the countdown timer.
Range	0 to 2.
Default	0
Example	0 to use the countdown timer with index 0.1 to use the countdown timer with index 1.

Duration	
Description	Amount of time to wait.
Туре	Time expressed in 60 MHz clock cycles or seconds.
Range	0 to 4,294,967,295 clock cycles or 0 to 71 seconds with a precision of 16.66 nanoseconds.
Default	No default value; this parameter is mandatory.
Example	 32ms means 1,320 microseconds or 79,200 clock cycles. 620ns will be floored down to 37 clock cycles. 3960clk means 3,960 clock cycles or 66 microseconds. 1000 (without unity) is not allowed and will generate a warning.

5.3 WaitCountdownReached Instruction

The ${\tt WaitCountdownReached}\xspace$ instruction waits the countdown timer reaches its nominal value.

Example

WaitCountdownReached(
Index	=>	Ο,
Timeout	=>	500ms,
TimingRespect	=>	Hard);

Index	
Description	Index of the countdown timer.
Range	0 to 2.
Default	0
Example	0 to use the countdown timer with index 0.1 to use the countdown timer with index 1.

Timeout	
Description	Timeout after which the instruction is aborted.
Туре	Time expressed in 60 MHz clock cycles or seconds.
Range	0 to 4,294,967,295 clock cycles or 0 to 71 seconds with a precision of 16.66 nanoseconds.
Default	No default value; this parameter is mandatory.
Example	 32ms means 1,320 microseconds or 79,200 clock cycles. 620ns will be floored down to 37 clock cycles. 3960clk means 3,960 clock cycles or 66 microseconds. 1000 (without unity) is not allowed and will generate a warning.

TimingRespect	
Description	Specifies if the processor breaks if the countdown value was already reached at the time the wait was called.
Range	Soft OF Hard.
Default	Soft
Example	Soft to continue even if the countdown value was already reached. Hard to break script execution if the countdown value was exceeded. This value helps detecting timing errors in scripts.

5.4 StartTimer Instruction

The StartTimer instruction starts the specified timer.

Example

StartTimer(1);

Index	
Description	Specifies the index of the timer to start.
Туре	0 to 2.
Default	No default value; this parameter is mandatory.
Example	o will use timer 0.

5.5 StopTimer Instruction

The StopTimer instruction stops the specified timer.

Example

StopTimer(2);

Parameter List

Index	
Description	Specifies the index of the timer to stop.
Туре	0 to 2.
Default	No default value; this parameter is mandatory.
Example	0 will use timer 0.

5.6 WaitTimer Instruction

The ${\tt WaitTimer}$ instruction waits until the specified timer reaches the specified value.

Example

WaitTimer(
Index	=>	1,
TargetValue	=>	60s);

Index	
Description	Specifies the index of the timer to wait on.
Туре	0 to 2.
Default	No default value; this parameter is mandatory.
Example	o will use timer 0.

TargetValue		
Description	Specifies the target value to wait on.	
Туре	0 to 4,294,967,295 clock cycles or 0 to 71 seconds with a precision of 16.66 nanoseconds.	
Default	No default value; this parameter is mandatory.	
Example	10500 will match when the specified timer reaches value 10500. 200ms will match when the specified timer reaches value 12,000,000, which equals to 200ms at 60 MHz.	

Timeout	
Description	Timeout after which the instruction is aborted.
Туре	Time expressed in 60 MHz clock cycles or seconds.
Range	0 to 4,294,967,295 clock cycles or 0 to 71 seconds with a precision of 16.66 nanoseconds.
Default	No default value; this parameter is mandatory.
Example	 32ms means 1,320 microseconds or 79,200 clock cycles. 620ns will be floored down to 37 clock cycles. 3960clk means 3,960 clock cycles or 66 microseconds. 1000 (without unity) is not allowed and will generate a warning.

TimingRespect		
Description	Specifies if the processor breaks if the countdown value was already reached at the time the wait was called.	
Range	Soft OF Hard.	
Default	Soft	
Example	ample Soft to continue even if the countdown value was already reached.	
	Hard to break script execution if the countdown value was exceeded. This value helps detecting timing errors in scripts.	

5.7 CopyMemory Instruction

The ${\tt CopyMemory}$ instruction copies bytes from a location of the user buffer to another location.

```
Example
```

CopyMemory(
	Src	=>	[0x00, 0x00],
	Dst	=>	Buffer,
	DstOffset	=>	200);
СоруМе	mory(
	Src	=>	Buffer,
	SrcOffset	=>	Ο,
	Dst	=>	Buffer,
	DstOffset	=>	200,
	Length	=>	2);
СоруМе	mory(
	Src	=>	LastRxPacket,
	SrcOffset	=>	15,
	Dst	=>	Buffer,
	DstOffset	=>	15,
	Length	=>	60);

Src		
Description	The source data to copy to the destination.	
Туре	Inline bytes (max 8192 bytes) or Buffer or LastRxPacket.	
Default	No default value; this parameter is mandatory.	
Example	[0x00, 0x09, 0x00, 0xE0, 0x00] to copy these bytes. Buffer to copy bytes from the user buffer.	

SrcOffset	
Description	Offset in the source data of the first byte to use.
Range	0 to 8191.
Default	0
Example	0 will copy from the beginning of the PHY header when LastRxPacket is specified or from offset 0 of the user buffer when Buffer is used.
	5 will copy from the beginning of the MAC header when LastRxPacket is specified or from offset 5 of the user buffer when Buffer is used.
	15 will copy from the beginning of the payload when LastRxPacket is specified or from offset 15 of the user buffer when Buffer is used.

Dst	
Description	The destination where the source will be copied.
Туре	Buffer
Default	No default value; this parameter is mandatory.
Example	Buffer is the only acceptable value.

DstOffset	
Description	Offset in the destination buffer of the first data byte to copy.
Range	0 to 8191.
Default	No default value; this parameter is mandatory.
Example	0 will copy source bytes at offset 0 of the destination buffer.22 will copy source bytes at offset 22 of the destination buffer.

Length	
Description	Length of the data to copy.
Range	0 to 8192.
Default	No default value; this parameter is mandatory.
Example	5 will copy 5 bytes.

5.8 CompareMemory Instruction

The ${\tt CompareMemory}$ instruction compares bytes from a location of the user buffer to another.

Example

CompareMemory(
	Src	=>	Buffer,
	SrcOffset	=>	60,
	Dst	=>	[0x00, 0x00]);
Compar	eMemory(
	Src	=>	Buffer,
	SrcOffset	=>	Ο,
	Dst	=>	Buffer,
	DstOffset	=>	200,
	Length	=>	40);
CompareMemory(
	Src	=>	LastRxPacket,
	SrcOffset	=>	5,
	Dst	=>	Buffer,
	DstOffset	=>	5,
	Length	=>	10);

Src	
Description	The first sequence of bytes to compare.
Туре	Inline bytes (max 8192 bytes) or Buffer or LastRxPacket.
Default	No default value; this parameter is mandatory.
Example	[0x00, 0x09, 0x00, 0xE0, 0x00] to compare the specified bytes with the bytes specified in Dst. Buffer to compare bytes in the user buffer with the bytes specified in Dst.

SrcOffset	
Description	Offset in the source data of the first byte to compare.
Range	0 to 8191.
Default	0
Example	0 will compare from the beginning of the PHY header when LastRxPacket is specified or from offset 0 of the user buffer when Buffer is used.
	5 will compare from the beginning of the MAC header when LastRxPacket is specified or from offset 5 of the user buffer when Buffer is used.
	15 will compare from the beginning of the payload when LastRxPacket is specified or from offset 15 of the user buffer when Buffer is used.

Dst	
Description	The second sequence of bytes to compare.
Туре	Buffer Of LastRxPacket.
Default	No default value; this parameter is mandatory.
Example	Buffer to compare bytes defined in Src with data in the user buffer.
	LastRxPacket to compare bytes defined in Src with data contained in the last received packet.

DstOffset			
Description	Offset in the destination buffer of the first data byte to compare.		
Range	0 to 2047.		
Default	No default value; this parameter is mandatory.		
Example	 0 will compare from offset 0 of the user buffer when Buffer or LastRxPacket is used. 200 will compare from offset 200 of the user buffer when Buffer OF LastRxPacket is used. 		
Mask			
-------------	--	--	--
Description	Mask to apply on each byte of the data to compare. The mask is applied with an AND operator.		
Туре	Inline bytes (max 8192 bytes).		
Default	0xFF for all bytes specified in Data.		
Example	[0x0F, 0x0F, 0xFF, 0xF0, 0xFF] will use these bytes for the mask.		

Length	
Description	Length of the data to compare.
Range	0 to 2047.
Default	No default value; this parameter is mandatory.
Example	5 will copy 5 bytes.

5.9 WaitButtonPressed Instruction

The ${\tt WaitButtonPressed}$ instruction waits on user action on the specified button of the trigger board.

Example

WaitButtonPressed(
Index	=>	Ο,
Timeout	=>	10s);

Index	
Description	Selects the button to wait on.
Range	0 to 1.
Default	No default value; this parameter is mandatory.
Example	will wait until Button0 is pressed on the trigger board.will wait until Button1 is pressed on the trigger board.

Timeout	
Description	Timeout after which the instruction is aborted.
Туре	Time expressed in 60 MHz clock cycles or seconds.
Range	0 to 4,294,967,295 clock cycles or 0 to 71 seconds with a precision of 16.66 nanoseconds.
Default	No default value; this parameter is mandatory.
Example	 32ms means 1,320 microseconds or 79,200 clock cycles. 620ns will be floored down to 37 clock cycles. 3960clk means 3,960 clock cycles or 66 microseconds. 1000 (without unity) is not allowed and will generate a warning.

5.10 WaitTriggerIn Instruction

The ${\tt WaitTriggerIn}$ instruction waits on the specified input of the trigger board.

Example

WaitTriggerIn(Input Condition Timeout

=> BncIn, => RisingEdge, => 5s);

Input	
Description	Selects the input on which the condition should be waited on.
Range	Any, BncIn, DigitalIn0 to DigitalIn3.
Default	No default value; this parameter is mandatory.
Example	Any waits on any inputs of the trigger board. BncIn waits on the BNC input of the trigger board.

Condition	
Description	Specifies the trigger condition.
Range	RisingEdge, FallingEdge, HighLevel, LowLevel.
Default	No default value; this parameter is mandatory.
Example	RisingEdge waits on a rising edge condition. HighLevel waits on a high level condition.

Timeout	
Description	Timeout after which the instruction is aborted.
Туре	Time expressed in 60 MHz clock cycles or seconds.
Range	0 to 4,294,967,295 clock cycles or 0 to 71 seconds with a precision of 16.66 nanoseconds.
Default	No default value; this parameter is mandatory.
Example	 32ms means 1,320 microseconds or 79,200 clock cycles. 620ns will be floored down to 37 clock cycles. 3960clk means 3,960 clock cycles or 66 microseconds. 1000 (without unity) is not allowed and will generate a warning.

5.11 GenerateTriggerOut Instruction

The ${\tt GenerateTriggerOut}$ instruction generates a condition on the specified output of the trigger board.

Example

GenerateTriggerOut(Output Mode

=> BncOut,
=> PulseHigh);

Output	
Description	Selects the output to generate the trigger on.
Range	All, BncOut, DigitalOutO to DigitalOut3.
Default	No default value; this parameter is mandatory.
Example	All generates the condition on all outputs of the trigger board. BncOut generates the condition on the BNC output.

Mode	
Description	Specifies the trigger mode.
Range	PulseHigh, PulseLow, ForceHigh, ForceLow, Toggle.
Default	No default value; this parameter is mandatory.
Example	PulseHigh generates a positive pulse on the output. ForceLow forces a low-level on the output. Toggle inverts the current level of the output.

5.12 ConfigureGenerator Instruction

The $\ensuremath{\mathsf{ConfigureGenerator}}$ instruction configures the generator in host or device mode.

Example

ConfigureGenerator(
Mode	=>	Device,
Speed	=>	HighSpeed);

ConfigureGenerator(
Mode	=>	Host,
Speed	=>	Chirp);

Mode	
Description	Specifies the generator mode.
Range	Host, Device or ErrorInjection.
Default	No default value; this parameter is mandatory.
Example	Host will configure the hardware for Host emulation. Device will configure the hardware for Device emulation. ErrorInjection will configure the hardware for error injection.

Speed	
Description	Specifies the link speed.
Range	LowSpeed, FullSpeed, HighSpeed or Chirp.
Default	No default value; this parameter is mandatory.
Example	LowSpeed will configure the link for low speed (1.5 Mbit/s). FullSpeed will configure the link for full speed (12 Mbit/s). HighSpeed will configure the link for high speed (480 Mbit/s). Chirp will configure the link for high speed chirp.



Results are undefined if Mode specifies ErrorInjection and Speed specifies Chirp.

5.13 ForceLinesState Instruction

The ForceLinesState instruction sets the link lines to the specified state.

Example

```
ForceLinesState(J);
ForceLinesState(State => SE0);
```

Parameter List

State	
Description	Specifies the state to be set on the link.
Range	SEO, J or K.
Default	No default value; this parameter is mandatory.
Example	sεo will wait until a SE0 state appears on the link. σ will wait until a J state appears on the link. κ will wait until a J state appears on the link.

5.14 ReleaseLinesState Instruction

The ${\tt ReleaseLinesState}$ instruction releases the link lines state.

Example

```
ReleaseLinesState();
```

Parameter List

This instruction does not take any parameters.

5.15 WaitLinesState Instruction

The WaitLinesState instruction waits for the specified lines state.

Example

WaitLinesState(
State	=>	J,
Timeout	=>	20us);

State	
Description	Specifies the state to wait for.
Range	SEO, J or K.
Default	No default value; this parameter is mandatory.
Example	SE0 will wait until a SE0 state appears on the link. J will wait until a J state appears on the link. κ will wait until a J state appears on the link.

Timeout	
Description	Timeout after which the instruction is aborted.
Туре	Time expressed in 60 MHz clock cycles or seconds.
Range	0 to 4,294,967,295 clock cycles or 0 to 71 seconds with a precision of 16.66 nanoseconds.
Default	Waits for ever if not specified.
Example	 32ms means 1,320 microseconds or 79,200 clock cycles. 620ns will be floored down to 37 clock cycles. 3960clk means 3,960 clock cycles or 66 microseconds. 1000 (without unity) is not allowed and will generate a warning.

5.16 SendPacket Instruction

The SendPacket instruction sends a raw USB packet using the mode and speed specified with the <code>ConfigureGenerator</code> instruction.

Example

```
SendPacket(
                     => [ 0x69, 0x81, 0x58 ],
      RawData
       Interval
                     => 17.554us,
                     => false);
       ComputeFcs
SendPacket(
      RawData
                     => Buffer,
       RawDataOffset => 20,
       RawDataLength => 12,
       Spacing
                     => lus,
       ComputeFcs
                     => true);
```

RawData	
Description	Raw data of the packet to send including PID, payload and CRC.
Туре	Inline bytes (min 1 byte, max 8191 bytes) or Buffer.
Default	No default value; this parameter is mandatory.
Example	[0x69, 0x81, 0x58] to use these bytes for the instruction. Buffer to use bytes from the user buffer.

RawDataLength	
Description	Length of the Buffer.
Range	1 to 8191.
Default	No default value; this parameter is mandatory when Buffer is used in RawData. This parameter cannot be used when inline bytes are specified in RawData.
Example	 will sent a packet with a length of one byte. 500 will sent a packet with a length of 500 bytes.

RawDataOffset	
Description	Offset of the data bytes in the Buffer.
Range	0 to 8191.
Default	No default value; this parameter is mandatory when Buffer is used in RawData. This parameter cannot be used when inline bytes are specified in RawData.
Example	 will send a packet from offset 0 in the Buffer. 1024 will send a packet from offset 1024 in the Buffer.

PrefixPid	
Description	PID to be added to the specified data.
Range	0 to 255.
Default	No default value; the packet will not be prefixed with a PID if this parameter is not specified.
Example	0xC3 will send a DATAO PID.

Interval	
Description	Delay between the beginning of this instruction and the beginning of the next instruction.
Туре	Time expressed in 60 MHz clock cycles or seconds.
Range	0 to 4,294,967,295 clock cycles or 0 to 71 seconds with a precision of 16.66 nanoseconds.
Default	0.
Example	 32ms means 1,320 microseconds or 79,200 clock cycles. 620ns will be floored down to 37 clock cycles. 3960clk means 3,960 clock cycles or 66 microseconds. 1000 (without unity) is not allowed and will generate a warning.

Spacing	
Description	Delay between the end of this instruction and the beginning of the next instruction.
Туре	Time expressed in 60 MHz clock cycles or seconds.
Range	0 to 4,294,967,295 clock cycles or 0 to 71 seconds with a precision of 16.66 nanoseconds.
Default	0.
Example	 32ms means 1,320 microseconds or 79,200 clock cycles. 620ns will be floored down to 37 clock cycles. 3960clk means 3,960 clock cycles or 66 microseconds. 1000 (without unity) is not allowed and will generate a warning.

ComputeC	ComputeCrc	
Description	Specifies if the CRC should be computed automatically by the hardware instead of using the specified value.	
Туре	Boolean (True or False).	
Default	False	
Example	True to replace the specified CRC bytes with the computed CRC. False to leave the specified CRC bytes as is.	

5.17 WaitPacket Instruction

The ${\tt WaitPacket}$ instruction waits for a packet matching the specified criteria.

Example

```
WaitPacket(
    Timeout => 1ms,
    MatchOnlyValidCrc => true);
```

MatchOnlyValidCrc	
Description	Specifies if the instruction will only match packets with a valid CRC.
Туре	Boolean (True or False).
Default	False
Example	True will break the script if a match occurs and the FCS of the received packet is valid. False will break the script if a match occurs independently of the FCS value of the received packet.

StoreRxPacket	
Description	Specifies if the instruction will store the received packet into the LastRxPacket special register.
Туре	Boolean (True or False).
Default	True
Example	True will store the received packet into the LastRxPacket special register. False will not store the received packet.

Timeout	
Description	Timeout after which the instruction is aborted.
Туре	Time expressed in 60 MHz clock cycles or seconds.
Range	0 to 4,294,967,295 clock cycles or 0 to 71 seconds with a precision of 16.66 nanoseconds.
Default	Waits for ever if not specified.
Example	 32ms means 1,320 microseconds or 79,200 clock cycles. 620ns will be floored down to 37 clock cycles. 3960clk means 3,960 clock cycles or 66 microseconds. 1000 (without unity) is not allowed and will generate a warning.

5.18 WaitTokenPacket Instruction

The ${\tt WaitTokenPacket}$ instruction waits for a token packet matching the specified criteria.

Example

```
WaitTokenPacket(
    SetupPid => True,
    DeviceAddress => DevAddr,
    EndpointNumber => 0,
    Timeout => 100ms,
    MatchOnlyValidCrc => true);
```

OutPid	
Description	Specifies if a OUT token packet will match.
Туре	Boolean (True or False).
Default	False
Example	True will match OUT tokens. False will not match OUT tokens.

InPid	
Description	Specifies if a IN token packet will match.
Туре	Boolean (True or False).
Default	False
Example	True will match IN tokens. False will not match IN tokens.

SetupPid	
Description	Specifies if a SETUP token packet will match.
Туре	Boolean (True or False).
Default	False
Example	True will match SETUP tokens. False will not match SETUP tokens.

PingPid	
Description	Specifies if a PING token packet will match.
Туре	Boolean (True or False).
Default	False
Example	True will match PING tokens. False will not match PING tokens.

ExtPid	
Description	Specifies if an EXT token packet will match.
Туре	Boolean (True or False).
Default	False
Example	True will match EXT tokens. False will not match EXT tokens.

DeviceAddress	
Description	Specifies the device address to match.
Range	0 to 127.
Default	Match all device addresses.
Example	4 will match the specified tokens only if they are sent to device address 4.
	0 will match the specified tokens only if they are sent to the default device address.

EndpointNumber	
Description	Specifies the endpoint number to match.
Range	0 to 15.
Default	Match all endpoint numbers.
Example	2 will match the specified tokens only if they are sent to endpoint number 2.
	0 will match the specified tokens only if they are sent to the default control endpoint number.

MatchOnlyValidCrc	
Description	Specifies if the instruction will only match packets with a valid CRC.
Туре	Boolean (True or False).
Default	False
Example	True will match only if the FCS of the received packet is valid. False will match all packets independently of their FCS value.

Timeout	
Description	Timeout after which the instruction is aborted.
Туре	Time expressed in 60 MHz clock cycles or seconds.
Range	0 to 4,294,967,295 clock cycles or 0 to 71 seconds with a precision of 16.66 nanoseconds.
Default	Waits for ever if not specified.
Example	 32ms means 1,320 microseconds or 79,200 clock cycles. 620ns will be floored down to 37 clock cycles. 3960clk means 3,960 clock cycles or 66 microseconds. 1000 (without unity) is not allowed and will generate a warning.

5.19 WaitDataPacket Instruction

The ${\tt WaitDataPacket}$ instruction waits for a data packet matching the specified criteria.

Example

```
WaitDataPacket(
    Data0 => CurrentDataToggle,
    Data1 => !CurrentDataToggle,
    Timeout => 1ms,
    MatchOnlyValidCrc => true);
```

Data0Pid	
Description	Specifies if a DATA0 packet will match.
Туре	Boolean (True or False).
Default	False
Example	True will match DATA0 packets. False will not match DATA0 packets.

Data1Pid	
Description	Specifies if a DATA1 packet will match.
Туре	Boolean (True or False).
Default	False
Example	True will match DATA1 packets. False will not match DATA1 packets.

Data2Pid	
Description	Specifies if a DATA2 packet will match.
Туре	Boolean (True or False).
Default	False
Example	True will match DATA2 packets. False will not match DATA2 packets.

MDataPid	
Description	Specifies if a MDATA packet will match.
Туре	Boolean (True or False).
Default	False
Example	True will match MDATA packets. False will not match MDATA packets.

MatchOnlyValidCrc	
Description	Specifies if the instruction will only match packets with a valid CRC.
Туре	Boolean (True or False).
Default	False
Example	True will match only if the FCS of the received packet is valid. False will match all packets independently of their FCS value.

Timeout	
Description	Timeout after which the instruction is aborted.
Туре	Time expressed in 60 MHz clock cycles or seconds.
Range	0 to 4,294,967,295 clock cycles or 0 to 71 seconds with a precision of 16.66 nanoseconds.
Default	Waits for ever if not specified.
Example	 32ms means 1,320 microseconds or 79,200 clock cycles. 620ns will be floored down to 37 clock cycles. 3960clk means 3,960 clock cycles or 66 microseconds. 1000 (without unity) is not allowed and will generate a warning.

5.20 WaitHandshakePacket Instruction

The ${\tt WaitHandshakePacket}$ instruction waits for a handshake packet matching the specified criteria.

Example

WaitHandshakePacket(
AckPid	=>	True,
NakPid	=>	True,
Timeout	=>	20ms,
MatchOnlyValidCrc	=>	true);

AckPid	
Description	Specifies if an ACK handshake packet will match.
Туре	Boolean (True or False).
Default	False
Example	True will match ACK handshakes. False will not match ACK handshakes.

NakPid	
Description	Specifies if a NAK handshake packet will match.
Туре	Boolean (True or False).
Default	False
Example	True will match NAK handshakes. False will not match NAK handshakes.

StallPid	
Description	Specifies if a STALL handshake packet will match.
Туре	Boolean (True or False).
Default	False
Example	True will match STALL handshakes. False will not match STALL handshakes.

NyetPid	
Description	Specifies if a NYET handshake packet will match.
Туре	Boolean (True or False).
Default	False
Example	True will match NYET handshakes. False will not match NYET handshakes.

ErrPid	
Description	Specifies if an ERR handshake packet will match.
Туре	Boolean (True or False).
Default	False
Example	True will match ERR handshakes. False will not match ERR handshakes.

Timeout	
Description	Timeout after which the instruction is aborted.
Туре	Time expressed in 60 MHz clock cycles or seconds.
Range	0 to 4,294,967,295 clock cycles or 0 to 71 seconds with a precision of 16.66 nanoseconds.
Default	Waits for ever if not specified.
Example	 32ms means 1,320 microseconds or 79,200 clock cycles. 620ns will be floored down to 37 clock cycles. 3960clk means 3,960 clock cycles or 66 microseconds. 1000 (without unity) is not allowed and will generate a warning.

5.21 WaitAndSendPacket Instruction

The WaitAndSendPacket instruction waits for a packet matching the specified criteria. If the expected packet is received the instruction will send the specified packet.

Example

SendPacket (
iffer,			
<pre>>kenPacketBufferOffset,</pre>			
okenPacketSize,			
cue);			
))			

WaitAndSendPacket(RxTimeout		TransactionTimeout,
RxMatchOnlyValidCrc		
TxRawData	=>	[pidACK],
SendIfData0Pid	=>	True,
SendIfDatalPid	=>	True);

RxDeviceAddress	
Description	Specifies the device address to match.
Range	0 to 127.
Default	Match all device addresses.
Example	4 will match the specified tokens only if they are sent to device address 4.0 will match the specified tokens only if they are sent to the default device address.

RxEndpointNumber	
Description	Specifies the endpoint number to match.
Range	0 to 15.
Default	Match all endpoint numbers.
Example	2 will match the specified tokens only if they are sent to endpoint number 2.
	0 will match the specified tokens only if they are sent to the default control endpoint number.

RxMatchOnlyValidCrc	
Description	Specifies if the instruction will only match packets with a valid CRC.
Туре	Boolean (True or False).
Default	False
Example	True will match only if the FCS of the received packet is valid. False will match all packets independently of their FCS value.

RxTimeout	
Description	Timeout after which the instruction is aborted.
Туре	Time expressed in 60 MHz clock cycles or seconds.
Range	0 to 4,294,967,295 clock cycles or 0 to 71 seconds with a precision of 16.66 nanoseconds.
Default	Waits for ever if not specified.
Example	 32ms means 1,320 microseconds or 79,200 clock cycles. 620ns will be floored down to 37 clock cycles. 3960clk means 3,960 clock cycles or 66 microseconds. 1000 (without unity) is not allowed and will generate a warning.

TxRawData	
Description	Raw data of the packet to send including PID, payload and CRC.
Туре	Inline bytes (min 1 byte, max 8191 bytes) or Buffer.
Default	No default value; this parameter is mandatory.
Example	[0x69, 0x81, 0x58] to use these bytes for the instruction. Buffer to use bytes from the user buffer.

TxRawDataLength	
Description	Length of the Buffer.
Range	1 to 8191.
Default	No default value; this parameter is mandatory when Buffer is used in RawData. This parameter cannot be used when inline bytes are specified in RawData.
Example	 will sent a packet with a length of one byte. will sent a packet with a length of 500 bytes.

TxRawDataOffset	
Description	Offset of the data bytes in the Buffer.
Range	0 to 8191.
Default	No default value; this parameter is mandatory when Buffer is used in RawData. This parameter cannot be used when inline bytes are specified in RawData.
Example	 will send a packet from offset 0 in the Buffer. 1024 will send a packet from offset 1024 in the Buffer.

TxPrefixPid	
Description	PID to be added to the specified data.
Range	0 to 255.
Default	No default value; the packet will not be prefixed with a PID if this parameter is not specified.
Example	0xC3 will send a DATA0 PID.

TxInterval	
Description	Delay between the beginning of this instruction and the beginning of the next instruction.
Туре	Time expressed in 60 MHz clock cycles or seconds.
Range	0 to 4,294,967,295 clock cycles or 0 to 71 seconds with a precision of 16.66 nanoseconds.
Default	0.
Example	 32ms means 1,320 microseconds or 79,200 clock cycles. 620ns will be floored down to 37 clock cycles. 3960clk means 3,960 clock cycles or 66 microseconds. 1000 (without unity) is not allowed and will generate a warning.

TxSpacing	
Description	Delay between the end of this instruction and the beginning of the next instruction.
Туре	Time expressed in 60 MHz clock cycles or seconds.
Range	0 to 4,294,967,295 clock cycles or 0 to 71 seconds with a precision of 16.66 nanoseconds.
Default	0.
Example	 32ms means 1,320 microseconds or 79,200 clock cycles. 620ns will be floored down to 37 clock cycles. 3960clk means 3,960 clock cycles or 66 microseconds. 1000 (without unity) is not allowed and will generate a warning.

TxComputeCrc	
Description	Specifies if the CRC should be computed automatically by the hardware instead of using the specified value.
Туре	Boolean (True or False).
Default	False
Example	True to replace the specified CRC bytes with the computed CRC. False to leave the specified CRC bytes as is.

WaitOutPid	
Description	Specifies if a OUT token packet will match.
Туре	Boolean (True or False).
Default	False
Example	True will match OUT tokens. False will not match OUT tokens.

WaitInPid	
Description	Specifies if a IN token packet will match.
Туре	Boolean (True or False).
Default	False
Example	True will match IN tokens. False will not match IN tokens.

WaitSetupPid	
Description	Specifies if a SETUP token packet will match.
Туре	Boolean (True or False).
Default	False
Example	True will match SETUP tokens. False will not match SETUP tokens.

WaitPingPid	
Description	Specifies if a PING token packet will match.
Туре	Boolean (True or False).
Default	False
Example	True will match PING tokens. False will not match PING tokens.

WaitExtPid	
Description	Specifies if an EXT token packet will match.
Туре	Boolean (True or False).
Default	False
Example	True will match EXT tokens. False will not match EXT tokens.

WaitData0Pid	
Description	Specifies if a DATA0 packet will match.
Туре	Boolean (True or False).
Default	False
Example	True will match DATA0 packets. False will not match DATA0 packets.

WaitData1Pid	
Description	Specifies if a DATA1 packet will match.
Туре	Boolean (True or False).
Default	False
Example	True will match DATA1 packets. False will not match DATA1 packets.

WaitData2Pid	
Description	Specifies if a DATA2 packet will match.
Туре	Boolean (True or False).
Default	False
Example	True will match DATA2 packets. False will not match DATA2 packets.

WaitMDataPid	
Description	Specifies if a MDATA packet will match.
Туре	Boolean (True or False).
Default	False
Example	True will match MDATA packets. False will not match MDATA packets.

WaitAckPid	
Description	Specifies if an ACK handshake packet will match.
Туре	Boolean (True or False).
Default	False
Example	True will match ACK handshakes. False will not match ACK handshakes.

WaitNakPid	
Description	Specifies if a NAK handshake packet will match.
Туре	Boolean (True or False).
Default	False
Example	True will match NAK handshakes. False will not match NAK handshakes.

WaitStallPid	
Description	Specifies if a STALL handshake packet will match.
Туре	Boolean (True or False).
Default	False
Example	True will match STALL handshakes. False will not match STALL handshakes.

WaitNyetPid	
Description	Specifies if a NYET handshake packet will match.
Туре	Boolean (True or False).
Default	False
Example	True will match NYET handshakes. False will not match NYET handshakes.

WaitErrPid	
Description	Specifies if an ERR handshake packet will match.
Туре	Boolean (True or False).
Default	False
Example	True will match ERR handshakes. False will not match ERR handshakes.

SendIfOutPid	
Description	Specifies if the packet will be sent when a OUT PID is received.
Туре	Boolean (True or False).
Default	False
Example	True will send the packet when a OUT PID is received. False will not send the packet when a OUT PID is received.

SendIfInPid	
Description	Specifies if the packet will be sent when a IN PID is received.
Туре	Boolean (True or False).
Default	False
Example	True will send the packet when a IN PID is received. False will not send the packet when a IN PID is received.

SendIfSetupPid	
Description	Specifies if the packet will be sent when a SETUP PID is received.
Туре	Boolean (True or False).
Default	False
Example	True will send the packet when a SETUP PID is received. False will not send the packet when a SETUP PID is received.

SendIfPingPid	
Description	Specifies if the packet will be sent when a PING PID is received.
Туре	Boolean (True or False).
Default	False
Example	True will send the packet when a PING PID is received. False will not send the packet when a PING PID is received.

SendIfExtPid	
Description	Specifies if the packet will be sent when a EXT PID is received.
Туре	Boolean (True or False).
Default	False
Example	True will send the packet when a EXT PID is received. False will not send the packet when a EXT PID is received.

SendIfData0Pid	
Description	Specifies if the packet will be sent when a DATA0 PID is received.
Туре	Boolean (True or False).
Default	False
Example	True will send the packet when a DATA0 PID is received. False will not send the packet when a DATA0 PID is received.

SendIfData1Pid	
Description	Specifies if the packet will be sent when a DATA1 PID is received.
Туре	Boolean (True or False).
Default	False
Example	True will send the packet when a DATA1 PID is received. False will not send the packet when a DATA1 PID is received.

SendlfData2Pid	
Description	Specifies if the packet will be sent when a DATA2 PID is received.
Туре	Boolean (True or False).
Default	False
Example	True will send the packet when a DATA2 PID is received. False will not send the packet when a DATA2 PID is received.

SendIfMDataPid	
Description	Specifies if the packet will be sent when a MDATA PID is received.
Туре	Boolean (True or False).
Default	False
Example	True will send the packet when a MDATA PID is received. False will not send the packet when a MDATA PID is received.

SendlfAckPid	
Description	Specifies if the packet will be sent when an ACK PID is received.
Туре	Boolean (True or False).
Default	False
Example	True will send the packet when an ACK PID is received. False will not send the packet when an ACK PID is received.

SendIfNakPid	
Description	Specifies if the packet will be sent when a NAK PID is received.
Туре	Boolean (True or False).
Default	False
Example	True will send the packet when a NAK PID is received. False will not send the packet when a NAK PID is received.

SendIfStallPid	
Description	Specifies if the packet will be sent when a STALL PID is received.
Туре	Boolean (True or False).
Default	False
Example	True will send the packet when a STALL PID is received. False will not send the packet when a STALL PID is received.

SendIfNyetPid	
Description	Specifies if the packet will be sent when a NYET PID is received.
Туре	Boolean (True or False).
Default	False
Example	True will send the packet when a NYET PID is received. False will not send the packet when a NYET PID is received.

SendlfErrPid	
Description	Specifies if the packet will be sent when an ERR PID is received.
Туре	Boolean (True or False).
Default	False
Example	True will send the packet when an ERR PID is received. False will not send the packet when an ERR PID is received.

5.22 HostAutoGenerateSof Instruction

The ${\tt HostAutoGenerateSof}$ instruction starts or stops automatic Start-of-Frame generation.

Example

HostAutoGenerateSof(); HostAutoGenerateSof(False);

Enable	
Description	Specifies if SOF are automatically generated.
Туре	Boolean (True or False).
Default	True
Example	True will automatically generate SOFs accordingly to the link speed. False will stop generating SOFs.

Ellisys USB Explorer 260 Generator

5.23 HostWaitGeneratedSof Instruction

The ${\tt HostWaitGeneratedSof}$ instruction synchronizes on a Start-of-Frame automatically generated by the hardware.

Example

HostWaitGeneratedSof(Timeout => 150us);

Description	Timeout after which the instruction is aborted.
Туре	Time expressed in 60 MHz clock cycles or seconds.
Range	0 to 4,294,967,295 clock cycles or 0 to 71 seconds with a precision of 16.66 nanoseconds.
Default	Waits for ever if not specified.
Example	 32ms means 1,320 microseconds or 79,200 clock cycles. 620ns will be floored down to 37 clock cycles. 3960clk means 3,960 clock cycles or 66 microseconds. 1000 (without unity) is not allowed and will generate a warning.

5.24 HostSetMaxTransactionDuration Instruction

The HostSetMaxTransactionDuration instruction specifies the expected time needed to send a transaction. The host processor will automatically check if this time is large enough to fit the current frame. If not, the transaction will be delayed until the beginning of the next frame.

Example

HostSetMaxTransactionDuration(Duration => 60us);

Duration	
Description	Computer duration of the transaction to be sent.
Туре	Time expressed in 60 MHz clock cycles or seconds.
Range	0 to 4,294,967,295 clock cycles or 0 to 71 seconds with a precision of 16.66 nanoseconds.
Default	No default value; this parameter is mandatory.
Example	 0.66ms means 0,660 microseconds or 39,600 clock cycles. 620ns will be floored down to 37 clock cycles. 3960clk means 3,960 clock cycles or 66 microseconds. 1000 (without unity) is not allowed and will generate a warning.

5.25 HostResetMaxTransactionDuration Instruction

The HostResetMaxTransactionDuration instruction resets the duration specified by HostSetMaxTransactionDuration. After this instruction is called, the processor will not delay a transaction if it is too close to a frame boundary.

Example

HostResetMaxTransactionDuration();

Parameter List

This instruction does not take any parameters.

User Guide

Frequently Asked Questions

Q The USB Explorer 260 transmits data using a USB 2.0 connection. Do I need a USB 2.0 host controller?

A Although the USB Explorer 260 can upload or download data on a full speed USB 1.1 connection, Ellisys strongly recommends that you connect it to a high speed USB 2.0 port to obtain optimal performance. If you experience problems with the USB Explorer 260, please ensure it is connected on a high speed USB 2.0 enabled host controller before contacting technical support.

Q I have got one host controller and I'd like to add a second one. How can I achieve this?

A Installing a USB extension card is the easiest way to add a host controller to your computer. Furthermore, nowadays most of these extension cards are USB 2.0-compatible, which will enable you to wholly gain from all your analyzer's power. Talk to your local dealer about getting a USB 2.0 host controller card.

Q What is the maximum amount of data that I can generate with the USB Explorer 260 Generator?

A The Generator uses its internal memory and hard disk to store data to be generated. The maximum quantity of data is therefore limited by the size of the internal memory.

Q Is it possible to upgrade the firmware of the USB Explorer 260?

A Yes, the firmware is automatically updated with each new software release. No user intervention is required; the latest version of the firmware will be downloaded when you run the most recent version of the software.

Q What can I connect to the large connector on the back of the product?

A The Auxiliary Equipment connector enables hardware extensions. Several options are currently available and others may be provided in the future. Please contact the Ellisys sales team for more information.

I cannot run the software installation file, why?

A The software installation file requires Microsoft Windows Installer 3.0 or higher, which is available for download from the Microsoft web site.

Q I would like to connect the USB analyzer on a EHCI host controller but it seems that it doesn't work. What can I do?

A We took note that several EHCI drivers supplied by manufacturers of USB 2.0 add-in cards could cause problem. We strongly recommend the use of the Microsoft EHCI driver. You can find more information on the installation of this driver at: http://www.usbman.com/USB%202%20News.htm.

Need more help?

Go to the Ellisys web site and the following pages for the latest information:

- Ellisys products page Go to **www.ellisys.com/products** for the latest product information and documentation.
- Application notes and white papers Go to www.ellisys.com/ technology to find up-to-date information about the technology.
- Distributors Go to www.ellisys.com/sales/ to find a list of Ellisys distributors.
- Technical support Go to **www.ellisys.com/support/** to send a question directly to the Ellisys support team.

Glossary

This glossary lists terminology terms, abbreviations and acronyms that you may come across while reading this User Guide and working with Ellisys products.

ACK	Acknowledgment code - Usually sent at the end of successful transaction.
Addr	Address - A field used to identify a given device.
Analyzer	An instrument that capture traffic exchanged between devices.
API	Application Programming Interface - A set of functions used by a program to communicate with another.
Bandwidth	The transmission capacity of an electronic pathway such as a communication line, computer bus or computer channel.
BIN	Binary - A representation of values that uses two symbols, typically 0 and 1.
BER	Bit Error Rate - The number of bits in error divided by the total number of bits.
BNC	Bayonet-Neill-Concelman - A connector for coaxial cables.
Bookmark	A stored location for quick retrieval at a later date.
bps	Bits per second - The measurement of the speed of data transfer in communication systems.
Breakpoint	The location in a program used to temporarily halt the program for testing and debugging.
Code Snippet	A small piece of program code usually used to guide the user.
CSV	Comma-separated Values - A delimited data format that has fields separated by the comma character and records separated by new lines.
Dec	Decimal - A representation of values that uses ten symbols, typically 0 to 9.
DUT	Device Under Test - A device that is being analyzed or debugged.
EDX	Ellisys index file - A file format used to index information found

ESE	Ellisys settings file - A file format used to store user settings.
EUI-48	Unique identifier partly assigned by the IEEE RAC and partly defined by the manufacturer of an equipment to uniquely identify a networking device.
FCS	Frame Check Sequence - A number added to a stream of information that is used for error detection.
FIFO	First In First Out - A storage method that retrieves first the item stored for the longest time.
Gbps	Gigabits per second - 1,073,741,824 bits per second.
GByte	Gigabytes - 1,073,741,824 bytes.
Hex	Hexadecimal - A representation of values that uses sixteen symbols, typically 0 to 9 and A to F.
Handshake	The resulting status of a data exchange.
Host	A computer that acts as a source of information or signals.
IDE-type connector	A type of electric connector usually attached to a flat ribbon cable.
LED	Light Emitting Diode - Display and lighting technology commonly used on electronic equipment to indicate their status.
Kbps	Kilobits per second - 1,024 bits per second.
KByte	Kilobytes - 1,024 bytes.
Loop	A repetition within a program or script.
Mbps	Megabits per second - 1,048,576 bits per second.
MByte	Megabytes - 1,048,576 bytes.
NAK	Negative Acknowledgement - An answer to a request that can express anything but acceptance.
Packet	A block of data that is transmitted over a communication link.
Payload	The actual data in a packet minus all headers attached for transport and minus all descriptive metadata.
Protocol	The format and procedures that govern the transmitting and receiving of data.
RX	A communication abbreviation for receive.
Script	A set of instructions that is executed without user interaction.

- **Snippet** A small piece of program code that guides the user in how to write a specific instruction.
- **SOF** Start of Frame A packet used for USB time synchronization.
- **TX** A communication abbreviation for transmit.
- USB Universal Serial Bus An interface that connects between a computer and peripheral devices (such as a keyboard, game controllers, telephone, printer, etc.).
- XML Extensible Markup Language A reasonably human-legible structured language aimed to facilitate the sharing of data across heterogeneous information systems.

User Guide

Index

В

back panel overview 19 bookmarks code 40 enable 41 move to next or previous 41 remove 41 toggle 40 breakpoints 41 insert 41 remove 42

С

code bookmarks 40 breakpoints 41 searching 37 compiling 42 connecting to the computer 19 **E** editing advanced 36 features 36 scripts 35

editor script 25 errors searching 42

F

files opening 33 printing 34 saving 33 working with 33 front panel overview 18

G

generator features 9 overview 9

Ι

installing 11 software 12 software prerequisites 11 instruction set reference 63

language reference 47

Μ

main menu 29 O opening files 33

panes 26 organizing panes 26 output pane 25 overview product 9

Ρ

panes close 26 default 25 hide 26 organizing 26 output 25 register 25 window placer 26 printing files 34 product main features 9 overview 9

R

register pane 25 registers 45 select a format 45 running scripts 43

S

saving files 33 script editor 25 scripts advanced editing features 36 break or pause 44 change text case 37 comment a selection 36 compiling 42 display colums 80 guide 36 editing 35 find an error 43 highlight a current line 36 mark line modifications 36 restart 45 running 43 step 45 stop 45 uncomment a selection 37 unmark line modifications 36 searching code 37 errors 42 regular expression 38, 39 wildcards 38, 39 software installing 12 **T** toolbar main toolbar 27

U

user interface 25

window placer 26

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